



## $\frac{\text{Rev. Nevil Maskelyne}}{(6^{\text{TH}} \text{ October } 1732 \text{ - } 20^{\text{TH}} \text{ July } 1811)}$

Maskelyne was born in London and graduated in mathematics from Cambridge University in 1754. Admitted to the Royal Society in 1758; Astronomer Royal from 1765 until his death.

In 1772 he proposed to the Royal Society the Schiehallion experiment for the determination of the Earth's density using a plumb line. Observations were carried out in 1774, assisted by Reuben Burrow, William Roy, William Menzies and a team of labourers, at a cost of some £420. The experiment demonstrated Newton's law of gravitational attraction was correct, and the Earth's mean density is at least twice that of rocks near the surface. On Schiehallion the sites of the northern and southern observatories, and two Cairns on the summit ridge, are still visible, as shown in Figures 3-5.

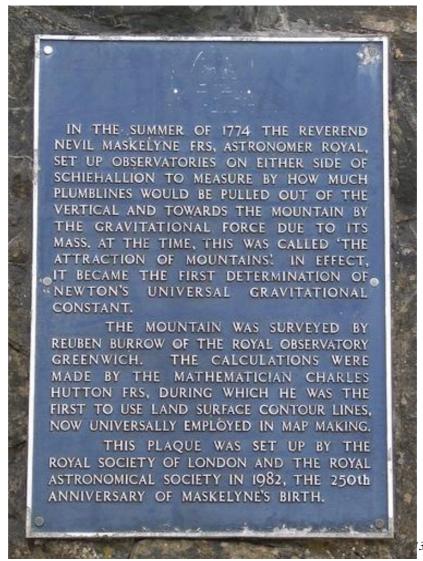


Figure 2: Plaque set up in Maskelyne's memory on his 250th anniversary on site at Schiehallion © Carol Pudsey.

3 (NH/CL)



Figure 3: Observatory site on the northern slopes of Schiehallion, with remains of stonewall bases. © Carol Pudsey



Figure 4: Observatory site on the northern slopes of Schiehallion, NN72105545. © Carol Pudsey



Figure 5: Observatory site on the southern slopes of Schiehallion, NN71995412, alt. 730 m. © Carol Pudsey



Figure 6: Cairn on East Ridge of Schiehallion NN72625460 © Carol Pudsey

## References:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nevil\_Maskelyne

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